

ASX RELEASE

ICENI GOLD EXPLORATION UPDATE

Air Core Gold Anomalies @ TOTK

Background

Iceni Gold Limited (Iceni or the Company) has 7 key high priority target areas within the 14 Mile Well project area. Iceni is actively exploring the target areas using geophysics, Ultrafine (UFF+) soil sampling, air core (AC) drilling and diamond drilling (DD). The ~600km² 14 Mile Well tenement package is situated on the western shores of Lake Carey, ~ 50km from Laverton WA.

Highlights:

- Iceni has completed 127 AC holes at TOTK
- All Au and multi-element results have now been received
- AC drilling identified three significant Au results for follow-up
- Review underway on CSIRO UFF ML for the TOTK area

Background: North 1 – TOTK

The Company has received the assay results from the 127-hole AC drilling program at **TOTK** totaling 3,488m surrounding the initial DD program. The DD program was following up gold anomalism identified in surface rock chips and was designed to test down dip and along strike.

The DD intersected a sulphide bearing alteration zone within granite. The final DD results for the program are pending.

New AC Results Received

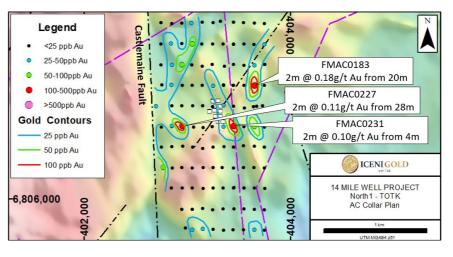


Figure 1: North-1 target TOTK with gold results from AC drilling.

ASX RELEASE

22 June 2022

COMPANY

ASX: ICL ACN: 639 626 949

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Shares: 208,571,428 **Options:** 19,706,857

BOARD

Brian Rodan Executive-Chairman

David Nixon Technical Director

Hayley McNamara Non-Executive Director

Keith Murray Non-Executive Director

Sebastian Andre Company Secretary

REGISTERED OFFICE Level 2, 41 Ord Street West Perth WA 6005

t: +61 08 6458 4200 e: admin@icenigold.com.au w: www.icenigold.com.au





Significant surface rock chip results at TOTK at North-1 included:1

- 135g/t Au, 1,220g/t Ag & 0.66g/t Te
- 101g/t Au, 548g/t Ag & 1.26g/t Te
- 61.8g/t Au, 507g/t Ag & 2.06g/t Te
- 22.5g/t Au, 57.8g/t Ag & 0.34g/t Te

Recent AC drilling at **TOTK** identified three significant gold intersections (see **Figure 1**):

- FMAC0183 with 2m @ 0.18g/t Au from 20-22m
- FMAC0227 with 2m @ 0.11g/t Au from 28-30m
- FMAC0231 with 2m @ 0.10g/t Au from 4-6m

All assay results have now been received and reviewed by the company's geological team. These results will be integrated with the CSIRO UFF Machine Learning (ML) outputs.

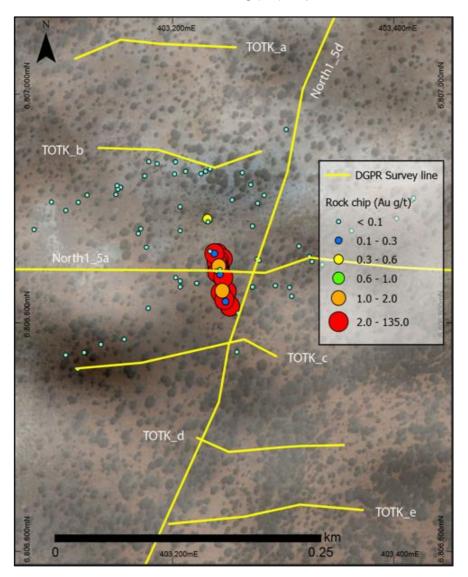


Figure 2: Location of historic surface sampling at TOTK.

¹ Refer to Independent Geologist Report in IPO prospectus dated 3 March 2021.



All AC holes were subjected to a comprehensive bottom of hole interrogation, which included analyses for a broad suite of 64 elements and Short-Wave Infra-Red (SWIR) and Near Infra-Red (NIR) hyperspectral analysis to identify alteration minerals.

A spatial association has been established within the SWIR/NIR and geochemical data. The broader alteration pattern is intensifying towards the north-northwest. This is significant as it suggests a focus for hydrothermal activity and potentially mineralisation may be located north-northwest of the AC drilling.

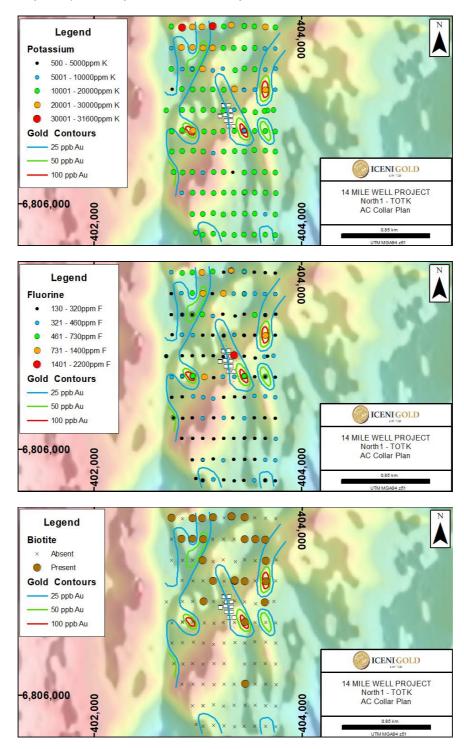


Figure 3: Geochemistry and alteration mineral distribution relative to the gold anomalies defined in the AC.



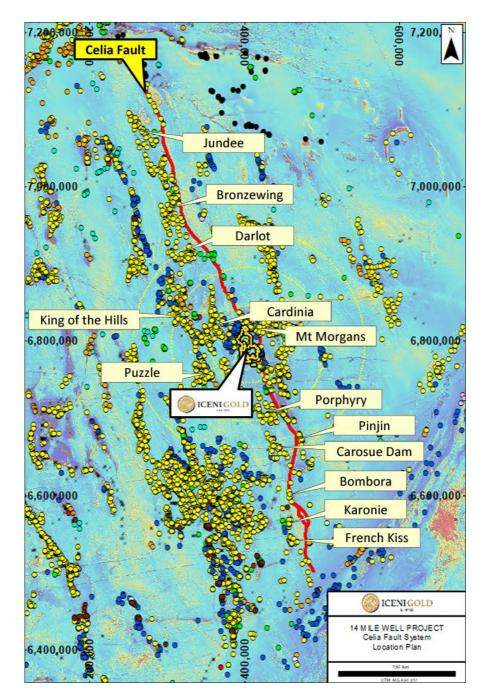


Figure 4: Location of the ~600km² 14 Mile Well tenement package, situated on the western shores of Lake Carey, ~50km from Laverton in Western Australia. The red trace marks the position of the Celia Fault, a major crustal scale structure that cuts across the Yilgarn Craton. The 14 Mile Well Project is situated on the Celia Fault and its associated splays. There is a strong association between crustal scale structures and major gold deposits.



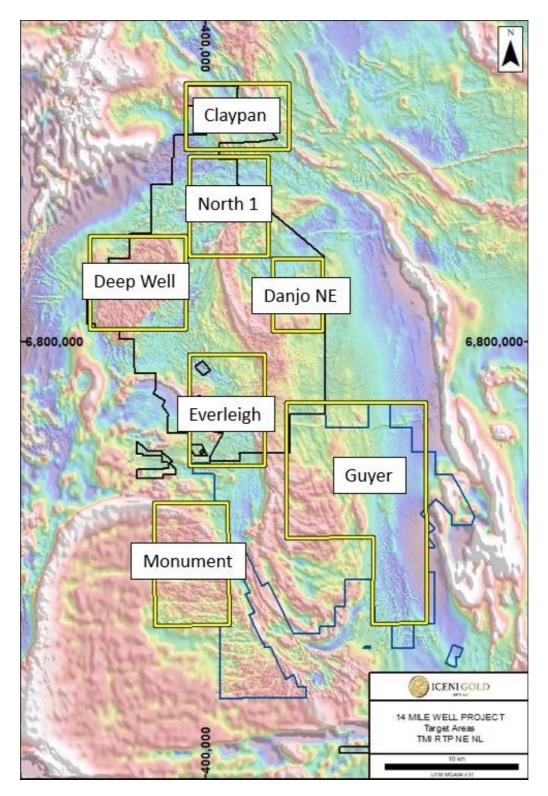


Figure 5: 14 Mile Well project area, showing the seven key target areas. All Au and multi-element results have been received from drilling at the target **TOTK** within the **North-1** target area. Image is Total Magnetic Intensity (TMI) Reduced to Pole (RTP).



The gold anomalies identified in the AC drilling at **TOTK** further reinforce the **significant potential for the discovery of gold mineralisation within the 14 Mile Well project**, particularly within structures cross cutting the margin of the Danjo intrusion or associated with the Castlemaine Fault along the western margin.

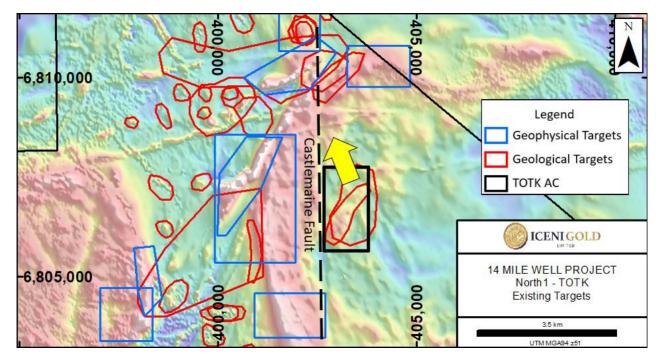


Figure 6: Targeting completed on the North-1 Target area. The geochemical and mineralogical alteration vector is indicated by the arrow pointing towards the north-northwest.

The results of the CSIRO UFF ML analysis across the entire 14 Mile Well project area have been received. A review of these results is underway for the remaining targets in the **TOTK** area. It is anticipated that these results will assist the company with prioritising the **North-1** targets and other targets identified within the 14 Mile Well tenement package.

Follow-up exploration work at TOTK has been scheduled for Q4 2022.

Authorised by the Board of Iceni Gold Limited.

For further information, please contact:

Brian Rodan Executive Chairman David Nixon Technical Director



ABOUT ICENI GOLD LIMITED

Iceni Gold Limited is a Perth based exploration company that operates the 14 Mile Well Gold Project in the Laverton Greenstone Belt.

The project consists of a ~600km² tenement package on the west side of Lake Carey, the majority of which has never been subject to modern systematic geological investigation.

Competent Person Statement

The information in this announcement that relates to exploration results fairly represents information and supporting documentation prepared by Mr David Nixon, a competent person who is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Nixon has a minimum of twenty-five years' experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Joint Ore Reserves Committee Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Nixon is a related party of the Company, being the Technical Director, and holds securities in the Company. Mr Nixon has consented to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

– Ends –

JORC Code, 2012 Edition - Table 1

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	 Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. 	 Air Core drilling is used to obtain drill chips which is sampled using a PVC sample spear, the sample spoil is sampled in nominal 2m lengths, the entire sample (nominal 2kg) is pulverised to produce a 30g charge for fire assay to analyse for Au. The EOH sample is sampled as a 1m sample using a PVC sample spear, the entire sample is pulverised to produce a 30g charge for fire assay to analyse for Au and 0.3g is used for multielement analysis, where it is treated by four acid mixed acid digest and measured using a mass spectrometer and optical emission spectrometer. Another subsample is utilised for Short Wave Infra-Red (SWIR) spectrometry and subsequent analysis of the spectra is used to interpret mineralogy. Drill hole orientation is surveyed using compass and clinometer Air Core drilling contractor is Raglan Drilling Alteration and mineralisation have been identified by field geologists during routine sample inspection in the field and during logging of drill spoil.
Drilling techniques	• Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).	 Air Core drilling using blade and a face sampling down hole hammer is used to penetrate hard formations. Samples are drill spoil/chips and as such are not oriented The drill hole collar is surveyed using a compass and clinometer
Drill sample recovery	 Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of 	 Chip recoveries are estimated visually. Core recoveries are recorded by the field crew when sampling. Cyclone and buckets are cleaned at the end of each rod. Data does not indicate a relationship exists between recovery and grade or if bias has been introduced due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Logging	 fine/coarse material. Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. 	 Chip samples are logged at the rig site. The Reconnaissance Air Core method is not suitable to support Mineral Resource Estimations Samples are bagged at the rig site and transported from the rig site to a secure compound in Kalgoorlie. The entire length of the hole is logged (100% of relevant intersections are logged).
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	 If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all subsampling stages to maximise representativity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	 Air Core spoil is sampled using a PVC sample spear, the sample spoil is sampled in nominal 2m lengths, the entire sample (nominal 2kg) is pulverised to produce a 30g charge for fire assay to analyse for Au. The EOH sample is sampled as a 1m sample using a PVC sample spear, the entire sample is pulverised to produce a 30g charge for fire assay to analyse for Au and 0.3g is used for multielement analysis, where it is treated by four acid mixed acid digest and measured using a mass spectrometer and optical emission spectrometer. Another subsample is utilised for Short Wave Infra-Red (SWIR) spectrometery and subsequent analysis of the spectra is used to interpret mineralogy. Ex-Lab QA/QC procedures include insertion of standards, blanks and field duplicates. In-Lab QA/QC procedures include insertion of standards, blanks and duplicates, grind checks and repeat analyses are standard procedure. The 4m composite sample size for Air Core is an acceptable industry standard and considered appropriate for the style of mineralisation being targeted and the grainsize of the rock being sampled.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	 The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	 and for check sampling The lab procedures for sample preparation, fusion and analysis are considered industry standard. Ex-Lab QA/QC procedures include insertion of standards, blanks and field duplicates. In-Lab QA/QC procedures include insertion of standards, blanks and duplicates, grind checks and repeat analyses are standard procedure. The 4m composite sample size for Air Core is an acceptable industry standard and considered appropriate for the style of mineralisation being targeted and the grainsize of the rock being sampled. The remaining drill spoil is retained at the rig site so it can be used as a reference and for check sampling. QA/QC samples are behaving within acceptable thresholds.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Verification of sampling and assaying	 The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	 Significant intersections are verified by field staff then validated by the Exploration Manager. Reference drill spoil is physically inspected to validate significant intersections. Logging data is entered digitally, using standard software with dropdown lists, it is sent to database administrators for incorporation in the digital database Assay data is not adjusted.
Location of data points	 Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drillholes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	 Drill hole collars are located using handheld Garmin GPSMAP64csx[™], nominal accuracy is 3m. Grid system is GDA94 zone 51 The project has a nominal RL of 440m, a more accurate DTM, provided by geophysical contractors, is used for topographic control.
Data spacing and distribution	 Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	 Sampling is conducted in nominal 2m intervals. All Air Core is sampled. The data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity but it is not appropriate for Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimations. Nominal 2m sample composites, with 1m sample at EOH.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	 Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	 The orientation of sampling is considered appropriate with respect to the structures being tested. Bias introduced by drilling orientation is insignificant due to the depth of cover and lower penetration of residual bedrock.
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	 Samples within calico bags are stored in sealed polyweave bags within a larger Bulka bag, the Bulka bags are secured on pallets for transport Pallets of samples are transported by truck to the yard in Kalgoorlie The yard in Kalgoorlie is enclosed within a secured and locked compound with a monitored security system that includes internal and external video recording
Audits or reviews	• The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	 The sampling methods being used are industry standard practice. QAQC Standard samples are OREAS Super CRMs[®] for Au and Multi-elements. Samples are submitted to ALS Laboratory in Perth for sample preparation and analysis, this lab is ISO/IEC 17025:2017 and ISO 9001:2015 accredited. The lab is subject to routine and random inspections.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results (Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	 Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	 Air Core drilling at Deep Well is located in Western Australia within tenement E39/2083, the tenement was granted on 29/11/2018 and is Live. The tenement is owned 100% by 14 Mile Well Gold Proprietary Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Iceni Gold Limited.
Exploration done by other parties	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	 The ground at TOTK has previously been held but under explored. The area being tested by this drilling campaign has been inadequately drill tested by previous explorers. Historical exploration work has been completed by several different companies over the years. The reports and results are available in the public domain and all relevant WAMEX reports etc. are cited in the Independent Geologists Report dated March 2021 which is included in the Prospectus dated 3 March 2021. The geology is dominated by granite which has deterrent previous explorers.
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	 Exploration is targeting Orogenic Gold and Intrusion Related Gold deposit styles. At TOTK the target is interpreted to be hosted within felsic intrusions.
Drillhole Information	 A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drillholes: easting and northing of the drillhole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drillhole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	 All results from AC Drilling have been received, drilling data is included in the drill data appendix Downhole length, grade and interception depth are provided in the drill data appendix Collar Plan is included in the announcement and in the drill data appendix
Data aggregation methods	 In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of 	 Assay intervals calculated using the Length Weighted Average technique Anomalous/Reporting threshold: 0.10g/t Au Maximum/minimum grade truncations are not used Intercepts may include 2m lengths of internal dilution Higher grade results are reported separately if they exceed > 3x the interval grade Metal equivalent values are not reported.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
	 low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	 These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drillhole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known'). 	 Downhole length (true width not known), grade and interception depth are provided
Diagrams	 Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drillhole collar locations and appropriate sectional views. 	 Collar plan is included in the announcement and drill data is included in the drill data appendix No significant discovery is being reported.
Balanced reporting	 Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. 	 Not Applicable Results are provided for all AC holes in the program
Other substantive exploration data	 Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. 	 Historic exploration results were included in the prospectus dated 3 Mar 2021. Drilling commenced at TOTK in announcement dated 2 August 2021 Exploration update TOTK alteration zone in announcement dated 9 August 2021 Second significant intersection of alteration at TOTK in announcement dated 3 September 2021 Third significant intersection at TOTK in announcement dated 17 September 2021 TOTK exploration was included in announcement dated 1 December 2021 TOTK discussed in exploration update in announcement dated 28 February 2022 TOTK discussed in investor presentation in announcement dated 4 May 2022 TOTK discussed in exploration update in announcement dated 16 June 2022 All Au and multi-element assays from the TOTK AC program have been received Three significant gold intersections were identified AC hole FMAC0183 with 2m @ 0.18g/t Au from 20-22m AC hole FMAC0231 with 2m @ 0.10g/t Au from 4-6m Alteration and geochemistry are vectoring towards the north-northwest The AC results will be integrated and interpreted with the UFF ML outputs The UFF ML outputs will be used to prioritise other targets at TOTK and across the 14

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary							
		Mile Well Project.							
Further work	 The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	 Field validate gold anomalies identified in AC drilling Integrate results with UFF ML results and prioritise targets. Design follow-up exploration program. 							

Hole	Prospect	Туре	EOH	E GDA94z51	N GDA94z51	RL	Dip	Azi	Result
FMAC0006	тотк	AC	42	403675	6806898	440.85	-90	0	NSA
FMAC0140	тотк	AC	46	402746	6807708	440.15	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0141	тотк	AC	32	402853	6807699	439.72	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0142	тотк	AC	28	402950	6807704	439.87	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0143	тотк	AC	38	403044	6807703	441.16	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0144	тотк	AC	32	403148	6807713	442.43	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0145	ТОТК	AC	15	403251	6807706	443	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0146	тотк	AC	4	403325	6807720	442.62	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0147	ТОТК	AC	1	403449	6807711	441.05	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0148	тотк	AC	15	403548	6807705	439.66	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0149	тотк	AC	40	403655	6807702	438.08	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0150	тотк	AC	69	403748	6807700	437.15	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0151	тотк	AC	48	402748	6807502	441.64	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0152	тотк	AC	52	402846	6807506	441.26	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0153	тотк	AC	24	402951	6807503	440.94	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0154	тотк	AC	42	403052	6807501	441.85	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0155	тотк	AC	18	403250	6807500	442.56	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0156	тотк	AC	24	403349	6807499	441.98	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0157	тотк	AC	4	403449	6807498	440.79	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0158	тотк	AC	19	403550	6807499	439.69	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0159	тотк	AC	31	403647	6807496	439.14	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0160	тотк	AC	37	403752	6807497	438.52	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0161	тотк	AC	49	402748	6807297	442.64	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0161	тотк	AC	38	402853	6807300	442.33	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0163	тотк	AC	33	402948	6807297	441.97	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0164	тотк	AC	44	403049	6807297	442.29	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0165	тотк	AC	10	403147	6807283	442.16	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0166	тотк	AC	14	403244	6807301	441.82	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0167	тотк	AC	15	403451	6807302	441.08	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0168	тотк	AC	29	403553	6807295	440.87	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0169	тотк	AC	36	403653	6807295	440.56	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0170	ТОТК	AC	12	403749	6807303	440.01	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0171	тотк	AC	9	403143	6807502	442.45	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0172	тотк	AC	7	403364	6807286	441.38	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0173	ТОТК	AC	41	403749	6807304	440.01	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0174	ТОТК	AC	38	402755	6807103	443.82	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0175	тотк	AC	36	402850	6807105	443.01	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0176	ТОТК	AC	21	402953	6807100	443.21	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0177	тотк	AC	27	403053	6807101	443.36	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0178	тотк	AC	20	403149	6807099	442.93	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0179	тотк	AC	8	403255	6807096	442.52	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0180	тотк	AC	3	403355	6807102	442.1	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0181	тотк	AC	3	403447	6807101	441.84	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0182	тотк	AC	23	403550	6807102	441.46	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0183	тотк	AC	62	403652	6807097	440.9	-60	270	2m @ 0.18g/t Au from 20-22m
FMAC0184	тотк	AC	38	403750	6807102	440.21	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0185	тотк	AC	29	402701	6806897	444.62	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0186	тотк	AC	21	402851	6806901	444.91	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0187	тотк	AC	18	402950	6806904	444.9	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0188	тотк	AC	35	403054	6806904	444.34	-60	270	NSA

Hole	Prospect	Туре	EOH	E_GDA94z51	N_GDA94z51	RL	Dip	Azi	Result
FMAC0189	тотк	AC	45	403151	6806903	444.06	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0190	ТОТК	AC	42	403248	6806892	443.69	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0191	тотк	AC	54	403356	6806905	442.79	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0192	ТОТК	AC	27	403452	6806897	442.15	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0193	тотк	AC	41	403558	6806882	441.55	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0194	ТОТК	AC	46	403645	6806896	441.08	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0195	ТОТК	AC	42	403733	6806903	440.36	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0196	ТОТК	AC	23	402753	6806694	447.04	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0197	ТОТК	AC	21	402853	6806700	446.4	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0198	ТОТК	AC	29	402849	6806106	449.26	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0199	тотк	AC	32	403050	6806107	447.71	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0200	тотк	AC	25	403156	6806104	446.95	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0201	тотк	AC	19	403255	6806106	446.39	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0202	тотк	AC	21	403351	6806108	445.89	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0203	тотк	AC	5	403453	6806108	445.24	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0204	тотк	AC	21	403553	6806109	444.76	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0204	тотк	AC	21	403555	6806105	444.36	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0205	тотк	AC	38	403755	6806103	443.65	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0207	тотк	AC	19	402949	6805901	449.33	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0207	тотк	AC	17	402045	6805901	448.25	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0209	тотк	AC	32	403052	6805900	448.27	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0209	тотк	AC	18	403052	6805907	448.27	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0210	тотк	AC	36	403154	6805898	446.42	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0211	тотк	AC	26	403250	6805903	446.05	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0212 FMAC0213	тотк	AC	20	403351	6805906	446.03	-60	270	NSA
		AC	22	403455	6805906	445.54	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0214 FMAC0215	TOTK						-60		NSA
	TOTK	AC	27 35	403652 403752	6805902	444.13 443.35	-60	270 270	NSA
FMAC0216	TOTK	AC			6805897				NSA
FMAC0217	TOTK	AC	37	402985	6805719	449.93 449.47	-60 -60	270	NSA
FMAC0218	TOTK	AC	10	403049	6805703			270	NSA
FMAC0219	TOTK	AC	42	403154	6805710	448.44	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0220	TOTK	AC	20	403252	6805707	447.72	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0221	TOTK	AC	27	403354	6805700	447.31	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0222	TOTK	AC	16	403448	6805701	446.65	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0223	TOTK	AC	33	403547	6805704	445.83	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0224	TOTK	AC	34	403651	6805704	445.12	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0225	TOTK	AC	47	403749	6805698	443.9	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0226	TOTK	AC	30	402852	6806708	446.39	-60	270	2m @ 0.11g/t Au from 28-30m
FMAC0227	TOTK	AC	36	402953	6806704	445.47	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0228	TOTK	AC	14	403155	6806693	444.29	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0229	TOTK	AC	17	403245	6806702	443.42	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0230	TOTK	AC	20	403353	6806701	442.31	-60	270	2m @ 0.10g/t Au from 4-6m
FMAC0231	TOTK	AC	26	403452	6806705	429.81	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0232	TOTK	AC	30	403551	6806700	441.53	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0233	TOTK	AC	30	403654	6806701	440.99	-60	270	
FMAC0234	TOTK	AC	26	403752	6806698	440.67	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0235	TOTK	AC	24	403062	6806694	444.77	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0236	TOTK	AC	29	402753	6806503	447.8	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0237	ТОТК	AC	29	402852	6806508	447.06	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0238	ТОТК	AC	43	402960	6806513	446.2	-60	270	NSA

Hole	Prospect	Туре	EOH	E_GDA94z51	N_GDA94z51	RL	Dip	Azi	Result
FMAC0239	тотк	AC	37	403055	6806503	445.37	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0240	тотк	AC	29	403150	6806490	444.38	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0241	тотк	AC	25	403252	6806500	443.9	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0242	тотк	AC	17	403359	6806506	443.69	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0243	тотк	AC	25	403449	6806503	443.31	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0244	тотк	AC	31	403547	6806515	442.81	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0245	тотк	AC	27	403652	6806512	442.47	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0246	тотк	AC	47	403749	6806502	442.3	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0247	тотк	AC	46	402769	6806305	448.59	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0248	тотк	AC	36	402859	6806299	447.75	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0249	тотк	AC	26	402948	6806306	446.5	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0250	тотк	AC	33	403050	6806302	445.72	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0251	тотк	AC	18	403253	6806304	445.39	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0252	тотк	AC	15	403449	6806302	444.41	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0253	тотк	AC	26	403547	6806304	444	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0254	тотк	AC	33	403649	6806304	443.68	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0255	тотк	AC	31	403748	6806301	443.37	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0256	тотк	AC	12	403154	6806303	445.56	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0257	тотк	AC	15	403340	6806303	444.9	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0258	тотк	AC	11	402952	6806106	448.34	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0380	тотк	AC	13	403324	6807722	442.62	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0381	тотк	AC	12	403451	6807712	441.02	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0382	тотк	AC	13	403452	6807499	440.76	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0383	тотк	AC	49	403756	6807303	439.97	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0384	тотк	AC	13	403354	6807105	442.09	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0385	ТОТК	AC	17	403450	6807098	441.83	-60	270	NSA
FMAC0386	тотк	AC	19	403457	6806110	445.21	-60	270	NSA